

Webinar

History of changes	Date	
Version 1	26/06/2022	Webinar
Version 1.1	17/08/2022	Reviewed slides: 60 and 69 "IKAA ≤ 40% total (IKOP + IKAA)" replaced by "IKAA ≤ 40% total (IKOP + IKAA) from private members".

Gaëlle Lanckmans Financial Officer (IHI JU)



#### Content of this webinar

- Budget table
- Key thresholds
- Industry contribution types (from Private members and Contributing partners)
  - IKOP (including non-EU IKOP)
  - Financial Contributions (FC)
  - IKAA
- Example of Budget table
- Questions & Answers

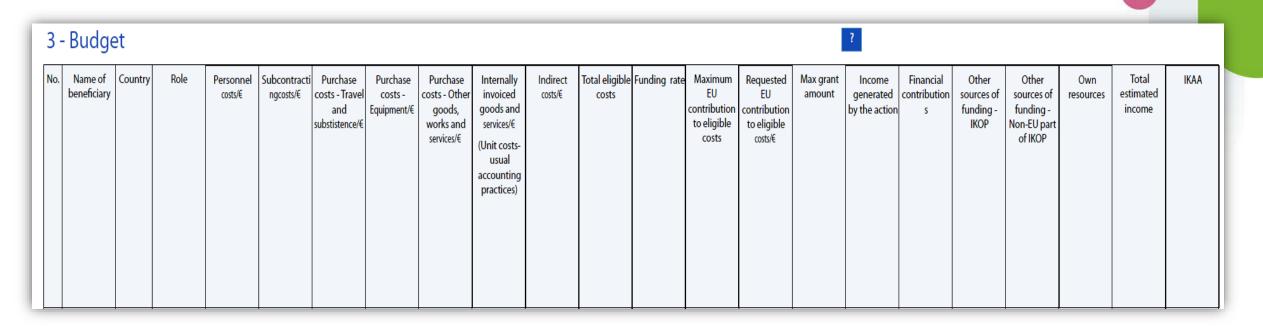


## Budget table

		Prepare Budget table?
Single stage proposa	I	Yes
Two-stage call	Short proposal	No Only total requested EU contribution for the project should be specified
	Full proposal	Yes



#### **Budget Table**



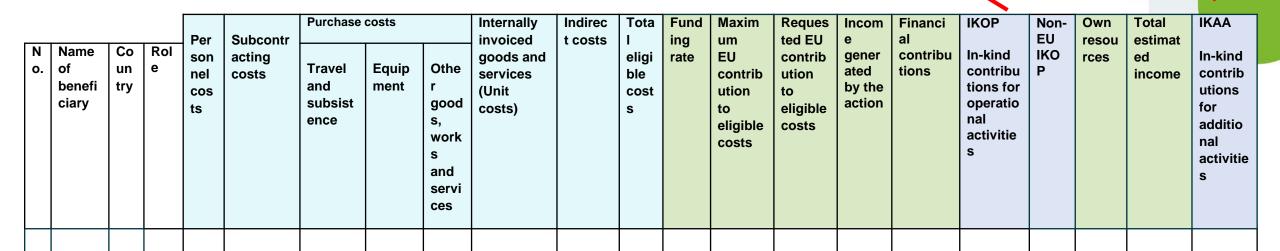
Screenshot from the proposal submission environment



#### **Budget Table**

For private members and contributing partners

Only for private members



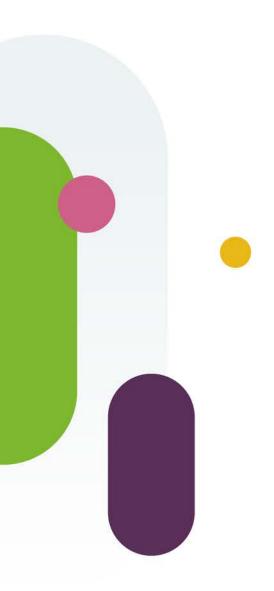
**Estimated eligible costs** 

Estimated EU contribution and other sources of financing

IHI's specificities



For all applicants



# Estimated eligible costs



### Estimated eligible costs

#### **Total project eligible costs**

Incurred by entities **Requesting funding Only** 

(sme, non-profit,...)

**Hybrid:** 

**Contributing in-kind** (IKOP) and/or cash and

**Requesting funding** 

(private members, contributing partners)

Not requesting funding but contributing in-kind (IKOP) and/or cash

(private members, contributing partners)

Costs reimbursed

Costs not reimbursed

Costs covered by **Public** funds mainly Cash (EC)

**Private** funds (private members, contributing partners)



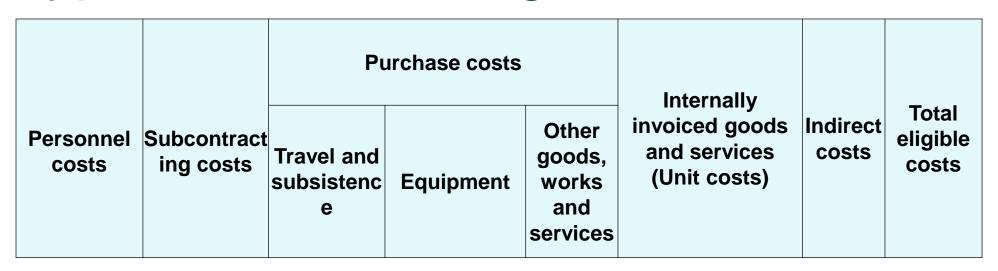




**IKAA** Not project eligible costs

(private members only)

## Types of costs categories





actual/real, recorded in the accounts, foreseen in the budget, necessary for the action, documented/auditable, etc.



Only eligible costs can be reimbursed or be considered as in-kind contribution (IKOP)



#### Personnel costs (art 6.2 A in MGA)

- Employees or equivalent (fixed salary, employment contract)
- Natural persons under direct contract other than an employment contract (e.g in house-consultant)
- Seconded personnel (persons employed and paid by a third party external to the project but put at the disposal of the Beneficiary against payment/for free) (e.g University professor - researcher)
- SME owners/natural persons that are not receiving a salary (unit cost) (distinction unit vs actual costs not made at proposal stage in budget table, only at Grant preparation stage)

#### Personnel costs

Cost of employee (most common case)

#### 2 options:

1. Use of actual costs

Personnel costs for the person

Daily rate for the person

(max 215 days/year for a Full time)

2. Use of average personnel costs (unit cost) if according to beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices





actual annual personnel costs for the person / 215 days



#### Subcontracting costs (art 9.3 and art 6.2 B in MGA)

- Third party carrying out part of the work on <u>project tasks</u> for the Beneficiary
- Contract between subcontractor and Beneficiary
- Selection of subcontractor: follow your usual practice, ensure best value for money (or lowest price if appropriate), transparency, no conflict of interest
- No subcontracting allowed between beneficiaries



#### Purchase costs (art 6.2 C in MGA)

- Travel, accommodation and subsistence
- Equipment (depreciation cost part used for the project)
- Other goods, works or services, if necessary to implement the project
  - normally limited in scope (not project tasks)
  - If to implement project tasks -> considered as subcontracting



#### Internally invoiced goods and services

(art 6.2 D2 MGA)

 Goods or services that the beneficiary itself produces or provides to be directly used for the action (e.g. self-produced consumables, specific devices or facilities,...)

 Calculated as <u>Unit cost</u> following the beneficiary's usual cost accounting practices



#### Indirect costs (art 6.2 E in MGA)

- Fixed flat rate as 25% of the eligible direct costs (excluding subcontracting costs and internally invoiced goods and services)
- Calculated <u>automatically</u> for <u>all</u> beneficiaries (also companies providing IKOP ≠ under IMI2)



# No indirect costs should be included in the other costs categories (no double counting allowed)

e.g: average personnel costs – if usual practice is to include indirect costs in FTE\* rate

→ the rate must be recalculated to exclude indirect costs



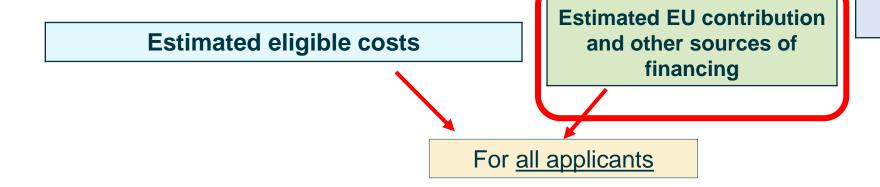


# Estimated EU contribution and other sources of financing



#### EU contribution and other sources of financing

	Per	Subcontr	Purchase	costs		Internally invoiced	Indirec t costs	Tota I	Fund ing	Maxim um	Reques ted EU	Incom e	Financi al	IKOP	Non- EU	Own resou	Total estimat	IKAA
N Name Co Rol o. of un e benefi try ciary	son nel cos ts	acting costs	Travel and subsist ence	Equip ment	Othe r good s, work s and services	goods and services (Unit costs)		eligi ble cost s	rate	EU contrib ution to eligible costs	contrib ution to eligible costs	gener ated by the action	contribu tions	In-kind contribu tions for operatio nal activitie s	IKO P	rces	ed income	In-kind contrib utions for additio nal activitie s



IHI's specificities



#### How are participants costs covered?



- Reimbursed by IHI (= EU contribution)?
- >Covered with own resources?
- Covered by financial contributions received (other than from IHI)? (e.g. from private members, contributing partners)?

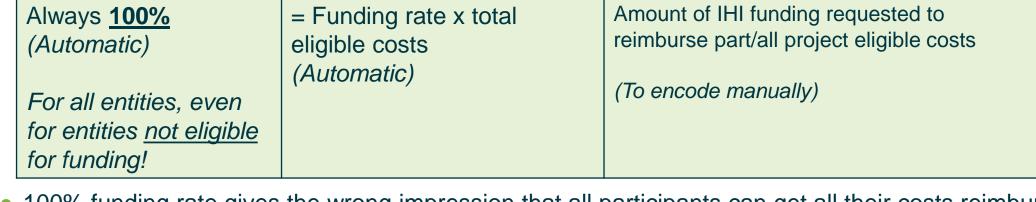
#### Several scenarios possible

- Can be with only one source of financing (e.g. only EU contribution)
- Can be with a combination
- Can be none (e.g: the entity not eligible for funding, or providing only IKOP)



#### Costs reimbursed by IHI (EU contribution)

Funding rate	Maximum EU contribution	Requested EU contribution
Always 100% (Automatic)  For all entities, even for entities not eligible for funding!	= Funding rate x total eligible costs (Automatic)	Amount of IHI funding requested to reimburse part/all project eligible costs  (To encode manually)



- 100% funding rate gives the <u>wrong impression</u> that all participants can get all their costs reimbursed but it is not the case because
  - > Private members and contributing partners should bring at least 45% contribution to the project
  - Some participants <u>are not eligible</u> for funding (e.g: in two-stage calls: pre-identified private members/contributing partners, large companies with annual turnover > 500 M)



## Simplified budget example

#### Single-stage call proposals

Type of participant	Total eligible costs + IKAA	Funding rate	Reimbursed eligible costs	Contributions (IKOP,FC,IKAA)
'Public partners' (Universities, hospitals, SMEs patient orgs, regulators)	15 million	100%	15 million	0
Private members & contributing partners (requested funding = 0)	15 million	100%	0	15 million
Private members & contributing partners ('Hybrid')	10 million	100%	5 million	5 million
Total	40 million	100%	20 million (50%) Public funds	20 million (50%) Private funds



### Simplified budget example

#### **Two-stage** call Full proposal

Not eligible for funding: pre-identified private members and contributing partners Large companies with annual turnover > 500 M

Type of participant	Total eligible costs + IKAA	Funding rate	Reimbursed eligible costs	Contributions (IKOP,FC,IKAA)
'Public partners' (Universities, hospitals, SMEs, patient orgs, regulators)	20 million	100%	20 million	0
Pre-identified Private members and Contributing partners (not eligible for funding)	20 million	100%	0	20 million
Total	40 million	100%	20 million (50%) Public funds	20 million (50%) Private funds



Estimated EU contribution and other sources of financing

#### **EU** Contribution

- Participants <u>eligible</u> for funding
  - > 'Public partners' (SMEs, universities, hospitals,...) request <u>full</u> reimbursement
  - ➤ <u>Hybrid</u> participants: can request some funding but keeping in mind 45% contribution should be reached + it will decrease the funding available for the other participants
- Participants <u>not eligible</u> for funding → make sure <u>no</u> EU contribution is requested (even if tool allows it!)
   IT tool is not smart



Who gets what part of funding? Important to discuss and agree among applicants



#### Costs covered by financial contributions (FC)

- Amount expected to be received for the project, other than the EU contribution
- Includes FC received by Private Members or Contributing Partners
- Beneficiaries receiving a FC must ensure that the part of costs covered by the FC are manually deducted from the requested EU contribution (no double funding allowed)
- In Proposal part b (table 3.1k): Financial contributions to be explained:
  - private member/contributing partner paying the FC,
  - the FC amount,
  - the beneficiary receiving the FC and
  - the concerned project activities to carry out by the beneficiary with the received



#### Costs covered with own resources

- Amount expected of own resources the participant plans to use for the implementation of the project
- When total project eligible costs not entirely covered by EU contribution or financial contribution or both
- Always zero for private members and contributing partners (own resources = IKOP)



#### Simple example of sources of financing

Type of participant	_	Requested EU contribution	Financial contributions	Own resources		
'Public partners' (Universities, hospitals, SMEs, patient orgs, regulators)	20 million	10 million	5 million	5 million		

- Check that all costs are 'covered' but no profit
- ➤ Total eligible costs = (requested EU + financial contributions + own resources)



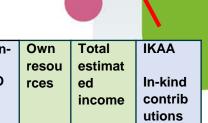


# IHI specificities



#### **Budget Table**

For private members and contributing partners Only for private members



				Per	Subcontr	Purchase	costs		Internally invoiced	Indirec t costs	Tota	_	Maxim um	Reques ted EU	Incom e	Financi al	IKOP	Non- EU	Own resou	Total estimat	IKAA	
N o	Name of benefi ciary	Co un try	Rol e	son nel cos ts	acting costs	Travel and subsist ence	Equip ment	Othe r good s, work s and services	goods and services (Unit costs)		eligi ble cost s	rate	EU contrib ution to eligible costs	contrib ution to eligible costs	gener ated by the action	contribu	In-kind contribu tions for operatio nal activitie s	IKO P	rces	ed income	In-kind contrib utions for additio nal activitie s	

**Estimated eligible costs** 

**Estimated EU contribution** and other sources of financing

**IHI's specificities** 



#### IHI Private members (PM)

- Founding members of IHI JU (together with the EC)
- Four Industry trade associations (EFPIA includes Vaccines Europe subgroup)













### IHI Private members (PM)

Industry Trade Associations	Represents	Mission/Vision
efp <mark>ř</mark> a	Pharmaceutical industry	To create a collaborative environment that enables our members to innovate, discover, develop and deliver new therapies and vaccines for people across Europe, as well as contribute to the European economy.
COCIR Advancing Healthcore	Medical imaging, radiotherapy, health ICT and electromedical industries	Our industry provides safe and high quality products and services, which contribute to reducing health inequalities and enhance cost efficiency in healthcare systems. COCIR's key objective is to promote free worldwide trade of innovative medical technology while maintaining the competitiveness of the European medical imaging, radiotherapy, electromedical and health ICT industries.
MedTech Europe from diagnosis to cure	Medical Technology industry	Make innovative medical technology available to more people, while helping healthcare systems move towards a more sustainable path.
Vaccines Europe An industry for healthy lives	Vaccine industry	(Subgroup of EFPIA)To support broad access to immunisation, enabling better protection of the health of individuals and the wider community throughout life, with both existing vaccines and those in development.
EuropaBio	Biotech industry	Committed to the socially responsible use of biotechnology to improve quality of life, to prevent, diagnose, treat and cure diseases, to improve the quality and quantity of food and feedstuffs and to move towards a biobased and zero-waste economy.  innovative health initiative

## Contributing Partners (CP)

- Any organisation that wants to contribute to the IHI objectives without becoming a full member can apply
- Application: via 'letter of endorsement' to IHI Governing Board (GB)
- In letter: commit a certain contribution to a certain topic
- To be approved by the IHI GB



## Contribution types

Private members

Contributing Partners

IKOP - In-kind contributions to OPerational activities
 Eligible costs incurred in implementing an IHI project
 Include EU and non-EU IKOP





• FC - Financial contributions





Cash contributions to project beneficiary(ies) from the same consortium to support eligible costs for project implementation





IKAA - In-kind contributions to Additional Activities
 Costs for implementing additional activities

Private members can contribute IKOP, IKAA and FC.

Contributing partners can contribute IKOP and FC, not IKAA.



#### "Private members"

- = "private members, their constituent or affiliated entities"
  - Private members: industry trade associations (EFPIA (inc. Vaccines Europe)/ COCIR/ MedTech/EuropaBio)
  - Constituent entity: member of one industry trade association (pays membership fees)
  - Affiliated entity: entity that has a capital or legal link with a beneficiary (which is in this case a private member or a private member constituent entity)

Not a private member ? You cannot provide IKOP, IKAA, FC





## One key threshold



#### Min 45% Industry contribution

"Private members, their constituents or affiliated entities and contributing partners must contribute at least 45% of the action's eligible costs and costs for its additional activities"

(IKOP + FC + IKAA) ≥ 45% of action's (eligible costs + IKAA)

If threshold not reached collectively → (full) proposal NOT evaluated



#### Min 45% Industry contribution

- Coordinator of (full) proposal must submit a <u>Declaration</u>\* (Annex) to confirm that the required 45% contribution will be provided
  - \* For single stage proposals and two-stage full proposals. For short proposals, commitment is in call text.
- 45% commitment should be <u>maintained</u> during project implementation
- 45% can be reached with only one or two contribution type (e.g only with IKOP)
- Need to be a private member or contributing partner to contribute to the 45%
  - E.g.: before Grant signature, IHI office will check if private members are indeed members and if contributing partners have been approved by the IHI GB.

## **IKOP**

In-Kind contribution for Operational activities



#### **IKOP**

- Only for private members and contributing partners
- Consist of eligible costs incurred in implementing project tasks
- Companies providing IKOP are subject to the same rights and obligations as any other beneficiary signing the GA
- Same cost eligibility criteria (Art 6 of MGA)
- Same costs types allowed
- Same rules for project reporting ...



## **IKOP**

- IKOP = Eligible costs for the action requested IHI funding
- Make the calculation manually in the budget table
- Budget table: column 'IKOP' includes both EU IKOP and non-EU IKOP

Type of participant	Total eligible costs	Requested EU contribution	IKOP	Non-EU IKOP
Private members & Contributing partners (Hybrid)	15 million	5 million	10 million	2 million



## Non-EU IKOP

- Eligible costs incurred in third countries OUTSIDE the EU or Horizon Europe associated countries
- the EU: 27 countries
- Third Countries Associated (AC) to Horizon Europe: (01.06.2022)
  - 13 HE associated countries: Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Kosovo, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Serbia, Turkey, Faroe Islands
  - Ongoing agreements: Albania, Morocco, Tunisia, United Kingdom
  - Ukraine
  - Switzerland and UK:
    - currently not covered by an arrangement
    - If not AC at the time of the GA signature → IKOP is Non-E

## Non-EU IKOP

- Criteria: where the underlying activities are carried out. Does <u>not</u> take into account where the company is established.
  - e.g: company based in the US but activities carried out in  $\underline{\text{Germany}} \rightarrow \underline{\text{EU IKOP}}$  company based in Germany but activities carried out in the  $\underline{\text{US}} \rightarrow \underline{\text{Non-EU}}$  IKOP
- Non-EU IKOP ≤ 20% total IKOP of private members and contributing partners at <u>Programme level</u>
- Project level: limit for IHI Call 1 and 2 is set at 100% non-EU
   If more than 20% → private member to liaise with Industry responsible office to ensure good monitoring at programme level





# Financial Contributions (FC)



## Financial contributions

 Cash paid to another beneficiary from the same consortium to support the eligible costs incurred by that beneficiary to implement the project

- Budget table:
  - No column 'FC paid' to be filled in by private member/contributing partner
  - FC paid are to be specified in the budget of the beneficiary(ies) receiving the FC (column 'Financial contribution' slide 22)



# IKAA

In-Kind contribution for additional activities



## **IKAA** Definition

"Additional activities" must fulfill all below conditions:

- Contribute to IHI JU's objectives and tasks;
- be set out in the IKAA Plan to be approved by the IHI Governing Board (following consultation of the advisory bodies - the SIP and the SRG);
- not be funded by the IHI JU or any other Union funding programme;
- be carried out in the Union or in countries associated with HE (i.e. cannot be non-EU);
- can be of two types:
  - <u>Programme specific</u>: contribute to the uptake of results from IHI/IMI2/IMI1 project <u>or</u> have a significant added value for the Union.
  - <u>Project specific</u>: contribute towards the achievement of objectives of IHI projects, <u>or</u> towards the dissemination, sustainability or exploitation of IHI project results.

Only for private members. Not for contributing partners.



## IKAA threshold

 Total IKAA ≤ 40% total (IKOP + IKAA) from private members for the whole <u>IHI Programme\*</u>

\* includes both programme-specific IKAA and project-specific IKAA

Project level: no formal limitation
 If more than 40%, private member to liaise with Industry responsible office to ensure good monitoring at programme level



# Project-specific IKAA

#### Eligibility timeframe

 Costs may be incurred between the date of <u>submission of the (full) proposal</u> and <u>up to 2 years</u> after project end date





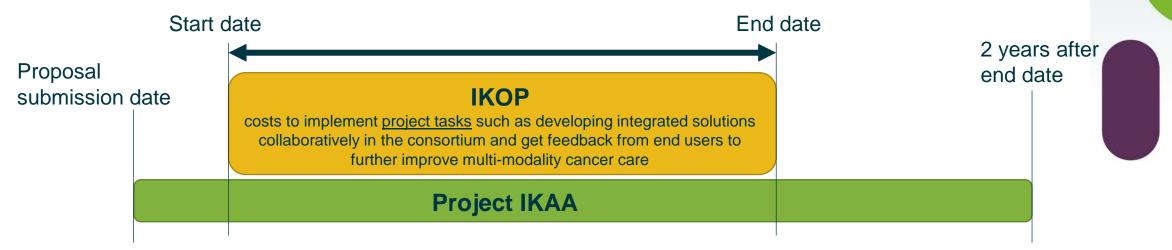
# Project-specific IKAA versus IKOP

- IKOP: eligible costs in implementing <u>project tasks/activities</u> as described in the Description of the Action (DoA)
- IKAA: costs for additional activities that are not project tasks (i.e. not IKOP)
- It is up to the consortium to identify IKOP and IKAA for their respective project
- IKOP are eligible costs, so can be reimbursed by IHI (if Private members/Contributing partners eligible for funding)
- IKAA are non-eligible costs so can NOT be reimbursed by IHI



# Project IKAA – potential example

Project objectives: integrate diagnostic and predictive approaches to support multi-modality cancer care



#### Before project starts

costs for developing an imageguided radiation therapy device. The device will be used for the consortium activities and as a result will contribute to achieving the project's objectives.

#### **During project implementation**

costs for generating data from clinical trials using cancer treatments modalities (other than those of the project) which are used as independent datasets.

These data will further contribute to verifying the usability of the integrated approach developed by the Project and help its finetuning (but the project activities will not depend on these specific datasets).

#### After project end

costs for developing a decision-making software tool that enables easier communication in the cancer care continuum and between stakeholders. This tool will contribute to the deployment/exploitation of the Project's outputs.

innovative

## **IKAA Cost valuation**

- Costs are determined in compliance with the usual cost accounting practices of the private member
- In principle not subject to HE's eligibility rules unless the entity so requires and justifies (consistent approach across projects)
- IKAA can consist of any types of costs as far as it is necessary for the implementation of an additional activity (e.g. personnel costs, subcontracting costs, financial contributions, other direct costs, etc...)



# Project-specific IKAA: Planning

- Additional activities to be specified in the IKAA Plan annexed to the (full) project proposal
- Instructions to fill in the Annex on IKAA are published on IHI website
- To be filled in by private members only (if applicable)
- Annex on IKAA will be checked by (full) proposal evaluators
  - ➤ Check if all conditions are fulfilled (slide 43), in particular:
    - AA contribute to project's objectives or to the dissemination, sustainability or exploitation of the project's results
    - AA are <u>not</u> project activities (i.e not IKOP)
    - AA carried out in the EU or HE Associated countries
- IKAA guidelines published on IHI website



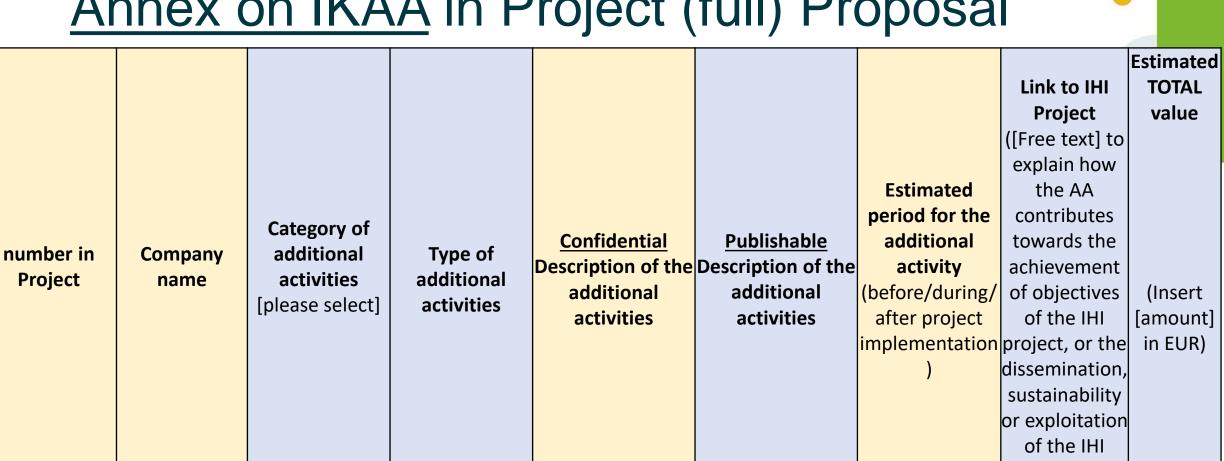
project results)

public

public

confidential\*

## Annex on IKAA in Project (full) Proposal



confidential

public

public

confidential

confidential

public

<sup>\*</sup>may be shared by the IHI GB with the SRG and the SIP if it is necessary to provide their opinion on the concerned AA

# IKOP vs IKAA

	I	KAA	IKOP		
	Project specific IKAA	Programme-specific IKAA			
Scope	Costs to implement AA that a	re <u>not</u> project tasks	Eligible costs in implementing project tasks (as specified in Annex 1-DoA of the Grant Agreement)		
Eligibility Timeframe	proposal submission date	Programme implementation.	Costs incurred during project implementation (from project start date to project end date)		
Contributors	Only private members		Both private members and contributing partners  IMI2: EFPIA/AP		
EU/ non-EU	Only EU		EU and non-EU		
Reporting tool	Activities and costs report developed by EC)  Reporting template – under d	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	be Activities and costs reported in the project Periodic Report, via the Funding and tenders Portal – same too for all beneficiaries  IMI2: EFPIA/AP financial report in the SOFIA tool and technical report in project Periodic Report		

# IKOP vs IKAA

	IKAA		IKOP
	Project specific IKAA	Programme- specific IKAA	
	Reporting due each year by 31 I	May of year N+1	Reporting due 60 days after the end of each reporting period
			For the costs incurred between the start date and the end date of each reporting period
			IMI2: EFPIA/AP reports and certify by 30 April each year
Affiliated entity(ies)	Reporting and Certification to main beneficiary (PM/CP) are entity(ies)		
Audit Certification	All IKAA should be certified to matching. No minimum threshold Certification template – under dis	<u>d</u> .	IMI2: EFPIA/AP reports and certifies the IKC of their affiliates (together)  If funding requested = 0: Certificate on the statements of contributions (CCS) required at the end of the project if IKOP+FC ≥ EUR 430 000 (per beneficiary or affiliated entity).  If requesting funding > 0 (Hybrid): Certificate on the financial statements (CFS) required at the end of the project if requested IHI funding ≥ EUR 430 000 (per beneficiary or affiliated entity) and irrespectively of the amount of IKOP and FC provided to the project  IMI2: EFPIA/AP certification – no minimum threshold

# Budget table

Some practical examples



# Example 1

Single stage call Proposal

EU funds available for targeted topic:

Matching needed by Private Members and Contributing partners contributions:

10,833,333

10,833,333\*

\*50% is a prudent approach but 45% of the action's (eligible costs + IKAA) is the formal minimum



**Step 1**: Calculation of the contribution from Private Member and Contributing partners

(IKOP+FC+IKAA) needs to equal the total amount of EU funding available to consortium (EUR 10,833,333)

No	Participant type	Eligible Costs	Reimbursed Costs	IKOP	IKAA	FC	Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA) = EC funding available
Α	Private members (Hybrid)	6,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	5,000,000
В	Private members (only IKOP)	2,000,000	0	2,000,000	1,333,333	0	3,333,333
С	Contrib. partner (Hybrid)	1,500,000	750,000	750,000	0	0	750,000
D	Private members (Hybrid)	1,500,000	750,000	750,000	1,000,000	0	1,750,000
	TOTALS	11,000,000	4,500,000	6,500,000	3,333,333	1,000,000	10,833,333

#### **Step 2**: Calculation the remaining funding available for 'Public partners' (SMEs, Universities, ...)

- [Total contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)] [Industry requested EU contribution] = EU funding left available
- Based on the EU funding that remains available, bring on board 'Public partners'

No	Participant type	Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Reimbursement Requested	Funding Remaining (Contribution – Reimbursement)
А	Private members (Hybrid)	5,000,000	3,000,000	2,000,000
В	Private members (only IKOP)	3,333,333	0	3,833,333
С	Contrib. partner (Hybrid)	750,000	750,000	500,000
D	Private members (Hybrid)	1,750,000	750,000	500,000
	TOTALS	10,833,333	4,500,000	6,333,333

#### **Step 3: Bring 'Public partners'**

Make sure the requested funding by 'Public partners' remains within the limits available (EUR 6,333,333)

Consortium Partner	Eligible Costs	Reimbursed Costs	IKOP	IKAA	FC	Total Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Total Elig Costs + IKAA
Private A	6,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000*	5,000,000	8,000,000
Private B	2,000,000	0	2,000,000	1,333,333	0	3,333,333	3,333,333
Private C	1,500,000	750,000	750,000	0	0	750,000	1,500,000
Private D	1,500,000	750,000	750,000	1,000,000	0	1,750,000	2,500,000
SME X	1,333,333	1,333,333	0	0	0	0	1,333,333
Large company Y	4,000,000	3,000,000	0	0	1,000,000	0	4,000,000
Hospital Z	2,000,000	2,000,000	<b>= 6,333,333</b>	0	0	0	2,000,000
TOTALS	18,333,333	10,833,333	6,500,000	3,333,333	1,000,000	10,833,333	21,666,666

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Public partners' = 100% of their costs reimbursed

<sup>\*</sup> Normally not specified in the budget of Private A at proposal stage (see slide 41)

**Step 4**: Ensure minimum 45% industry contribution is reached

Total Industry contribution (IKOP + IKAA + FC) ≥ 45% of action's (eligible costs + IKAA)

Action's (eligible costs + IKAA)	= <mark>21,666,666</mark>
Minimum Industry contribution (45%)	= <b>9,749,999</b> (45% of 21,666,666)
Total industry contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA) = 10,833,333 (50%)	10,833,333 > 9,749,999 > 45%

Consortium Partner	Eligible Costs	Reimburse d Costs	IKOP	IKAA	FC	Total Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Total Elig Costs + IKAA
TOTALS	18,333,333	10,833,333	6,500,000	3,333,333	1,000,000	10,833,333	<mark>21,666,666</mark>

#### **Step 5**: Budget table correctly balanced?

Eligible costs = Reimbursed costs\* + IKOP



→to control that FC received have been deducted from the requested funding by 'public partners'
 →to control eligible costs are all covered and there is no profit

\* Reimbursed costs: requested EU contribution + own resources + FC

Consortium Partner	Eligible Costs	Reimbursed Costs	IKOP	IKAA	Total Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Total Elig Costs + IKAA
TOTALS	18,333,333	10,833,333 + 1,000,000 (FC)	6,500,000	3,333,333	10,833,333	21,666,666

**Step 6: Check maximum 40% IKAA is not exceeded** 

IKAA ≤ 40% total (IKOP + IKAA) from private members

Total IKOP from private members = 6,500,000 - 750,000 from 'Private C' = 5,750,000

3,333,333/ (5,750,000 + 3,333,333) = 0.367  $\leq$  40%

Consortium Partner	Eligible Costs	Reimburse d Costs	IKOP	IKAA	FC	Total Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Total Elig Costs + IKAA
TOTALS	18,333,333	10,833,333	6,500,000	3,333,333	1,000,000	10,833,333	21,666,666

# Example 2

**Two-stage call Proposal** 

EU funds available for targeted topic:

Matching needed by Private Members and Contributing partners contributions:

\*50% is a prudent approach but 45% of the action's (eligible costs + IKAA) is the formal minimum



8,333,333

8,333,333\*

## Short Proposal (stage 1 of two-stage Call)

- NO budget table
- Only total requested EU contribution should be specified

EU funds available for targeted topic:

Matching needed by Private Members and Contributing partners contributions:

8,333,333 8,333,333

 If Short proposal (SP) selected and ranked as first → start preparing the Full proposal (FP) together with the pre-identified industry consortium



## Full Proposal (stage 2 of two-stage Call)

- <u>All</u> the contribution from private members & contributing partners is dedicated to the funding of 'Public partners'
- Entities <u>NOT</u> <u>eligible for funding</u>:
  - Pre-identified private members and contributing partners (in call text)
  - > For-profit companies
    - with annual turnover ≥ EUR 500 millions or



**Step 1**: Calculation of the contribution from Private Member and Contributing partners

(IKOP+FC+IKAA) needs to equal the total amount of EU funding available to consortium (EUR 8,333,333)

No	Participant type	Eligible Costs	Reimbursed Costs	IKOP	IKAA	FC	Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA) = EC funding available
Α	Private members (pre-identified)	3,000,000	0	3,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	5,000,000
В	Private members (pre-identified)	1,000,000	0	1,000,000	666,666	0	1,666,666
С	Contrib. partner (pre-identified)	500,000	0	500,000	0	0	500,000
D	Private members (pre-identified)	500,000	0	500,000	666,666	0	1,166,666
	TOTALS	5,000,000	0	5,000,000	2,333,333	1,000,000	8,333,333

#### **Step 2**: Calculation the remaining funding available for 'Public partners' (SMEs, Universities, ...)

<u>All</u> the contribution from private members and contributing partners is <u>dedicated to the funding of 'public partners'</u> because pre-identified private members and contributing partners are not eligible for receiving funding

No	Participant type	Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Reimbursement Requested	Funding Remaining (Contribution – Reimbursement)
А	Private members (pre-identified)	5,000,000	0	5,000,000
В	Private members (pre-identified)	1,666,666	0	1,666,666
С	Contrib. partner (pre-identified)	500,000	0	500,000
D	Private members (pre-identified)	1,166,666	0	1,166,666
	TOTALS	8,333,333	0	8,333,333

#### **Step 3: Bring 'Public partners'**

Make sure the requested funding by 'Public partners' remains within the limits available (EUR 8,333,333)

Consortium Partner	Eligible Costs	Reimbursed eligible Costs	IKOP	IKAA	FC	Total Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Total Elig Costs + IKAA
Private A	3,000,000	0	3,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000*	5,000,000	4,000,000
Private B	1,000,000	0	1,000,000	666,666	0	1,666,666	1,666,666
Private C	500,000	0	500,000	0	0	500,000	500,000
Private D	500,000	0	500,000	666,666	0	1,166,666	1,166,666
SME W	1,333,333	333,333	0	0	1,000,000	0	1,333,333
Large	500,000	0	0	0	0	0	500,000
company X			= 8,333,33	3			
Hospital Y	4,000,000	4,000,000	0	0	0	0	4,000,000
Non-Profit Z	4,000,000	4,000,000	0	0	0	0	4,000,000
TOTALS	14,833,333	8,333,333	5,000,000	2,333,333	1,000,000	<mark>8,333,333</mark>	17,166,666

<sup>\*</sup> Normally not specified in the budget of Private A at proposal stage (see slide 41)

**Step 4**: Ensure minimum 45% industry contribution is reached

Total Industry contribution (IKOP + IKAA + FC) ≥ 45% of action's (eligible costs + IKAA)

Action's (eligible costs + IKAA)	= <mark>17,166,666</mark>
Minimum Industry contribution (45%)	= <b>7,724,999</b> (45% of 17,166,666)
Total industry contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA) = 8,333,333 (48%)	8,333,333 > 7,274,999 > 45%

Consortium Partner	Eligible Costs	Reimbursed Costs	IKOP	IKAA	FC	Total Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Total Elig Costs + IKAA
TOTALS	14,833,333	8,833,333	5,000,000	2,333,333	1,000,000	<mark>8,333,333</mark>	<mark>17,166,666</mark>

#### **Step 5**: Budget table correctly balanced?

Eligible costs = Reimbursed costs\* + IKOP



- >to control that FC received have been deducted from the requested funding
- →to control eligible costs are all covered and there is no profit
- \* Reimbursed costs: requested EU contribution + own resources + FC

Consortium Partner	Eligible Costs	Reimbursed Costs	IKOP	FC	IKAA	Total Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Total Elig Costs + IKAA
TOTALS	14,833,333	8,333,333 + 500,000 (own resources)	5,000,000	1,000,000	2,333,333	8,333,333	17,166,666

**Step 6: Check maximum 40% IKAA is not exceeded** 

IKAA ≤ 40% total (IKOP + IKAA) from private members

Total IKOP from private members = 5,000,000 - 500,000 from 'Private C' = 4,500,000

$$2,333,333$$
/  $(4,500,000 + 2,333,333) = 0.34 \le 40%$ 



Consortium Partner	Eligible Costs	Reimburse d Costs	IKOP	IKAA	FC	Total Contribution (IKOP+FC+IKAA)	Total Elig Costs + IKAA
TOTALS	14,833,333	8,833,333	5,000,000	2,333,333	1,000,000	8,333,333	17,166,666

## Reference documents

 Model Grant Agreement (MGA) for Horizon Europe, including Annex 5 applicable to JUs

<u>Draft AGA/</u> annotated version (annotations not available for Annex
 5)

IKAA guidelines







Thank you for your attention











