

## Reporting requirements

For IHI private members and contributing partners bringing IKOP, FC in IHI grants



## Before we start...

- We are recording this presentation
- Q&A session at the end will <u>not</u> be recorded
- Write your questions in the Chat
- All questions addressed at the end (Q&A session)
- Slides will be shared with participants



## Content of this webinar

- General reporting requirements (when, what and how)
- Concrete examples of reporting for
  - > Entities contributing IKOP and/or financial contributions
  - Entities also requesting EU funding (Hybrid participants)
  - > Entities who participate as affiliated entities, as associated partners (case b)
- Q&A Questions and answers in the end.



## IKOP definition — legal basis (Article 2.8 of Regulation)

In-kind contributions to operational activities (IKOP):

Consists of <u>eligible costs</u> incurred by private members and by contributing partners in implementing the action, <u>less the EU contribution</u> to those costs.

#### Two important elements:

- 1. Eligible costs = **must** fulfil eligibility conditions (Article 6 of the <u>MGA</u>)

  (actually incurred, recorded in the accounts, necessary for the action, foreseen in the estimated budget, verifiable,...)
- 2. IKOP= (eligible costs EU contribution, if any)



Can be = 0 or > 0 (hybrid participants)



## Participation types

#### For IHI JU private members and contributing partners

	Beneficiary	Affiliated entity	Associated Partner (case B)
Sign the grant agreement	Yes	No	No
Can work on action tasks	Yes	Yes	Yes
Must have a legal/financial link with another Beneficiary	/	Yes	Yes
Can contribute IKOP, FC, IKAA (IKAA only for private members)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Must be private member or contributing partner	No	No	Yes
Can receive EU funding if eligible	Yes	Yes	No
Activities described in the DoA	Yes	Yes	Yes
Costs included in the project budget	Yes	Yes	Yes, included in the estimated budget of the designated Beneficiary
Must report its costs after each project period	Yes	Yes	Yes, included in the financial statement of the designated Beneficiary





## General reporting requirements

What? When? How?



## What reporting obligations (Article 21 of MGA)

#### At the end of each project period

- Periodic Reporting
  - **Technical** Part
    - Part A (automatically generated)
    - Part B (narrative)
  - Financial Part
- Continuous Reporting

#### At project end

Audit certificate (CFS or CCS), if applicable





feeds

Part A

## Periodic Reporting (PR) - when?

- Periodic Report (PR) must be submitted within <u>60 days after the end of</u> <u>each period</u> of the concerned project
- Each project is divided in several periods (depending on the project total duration)
  - First period: always 12 months, from the start date of the project
  - Subsequent periods: 12 or 18 months

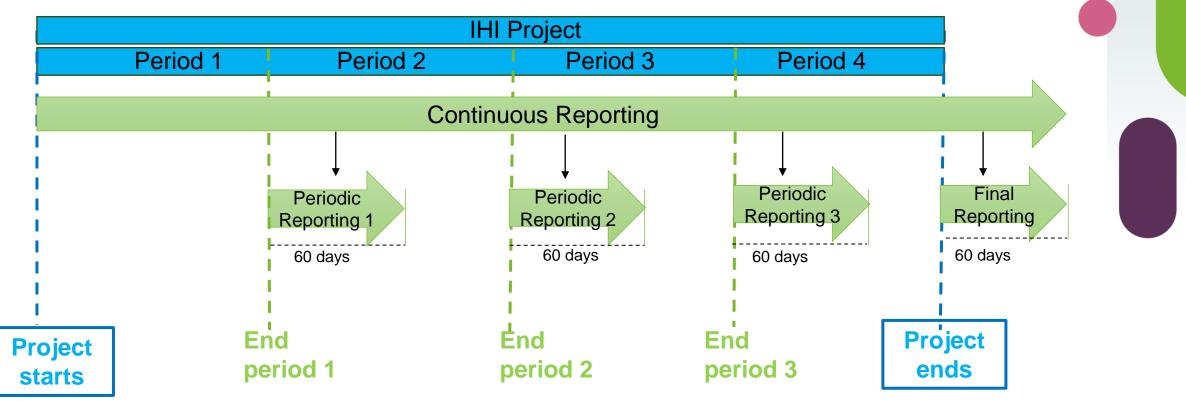
Example: PROMINENT project (5 periods, start date: 01/05/2023)

- $\rightarrow$  Period 1: 01/05/2023 30/04/2024  $\rightarrow$  PR1 due by 30/06/2024
- $\rightarrow$  Period 2: 01/05/2024 30/04/2025  $\rightarrow$  PR2 due by 30/06/2025
- **>** ...





## Project reporting timeline





## How to prepare the Reporting?

- Must be prepared by all project Beneficiaries through the EU Funding & Tenders Portal
  - in the Continuous Reporting module
  - in the Periodic Reporting module
- Each Beneficiary receives a notification at the end of each project period to
  - contribute to the Technical Part B of the Periodic Report
  - ensure the Continuous reporting is up-to-date
  - complete the Financial Part, e-sign and submit (PFSIGN) to the Coordinator.
- The **Coordinator** reviews the elements, **approves & submits** the Periodic Report to IHI (within 60 days after the end of each project period)
- Step by step explanations to complete the <u>Periodic</u> reporting and <u>Continuous</u> reporting.



## Differences with IMI2 for EFPIA members

	IHI IKOP reporting	IMI 2 in kind reporting					
When	60 days after each project period	Annual by 30 April of year n+1 for cost of year n					
IT tool	Funding and Tender portal	SOFIA dedicated tool					
How	Via the Coordinator	Each company directly to IHI (not through the Coordinator)					
Certification	At the end of the project, 430k threshold.	Annual. No minimum threshold.					
What	One report per period per project	One report per year per company					



# Periodic Reporting Financial Part

- Periodic Reporting
  - **Technical** Part
    - Part A (automatically generated)
    - Part B (narrative)
  - Financial Part
- Continuous Reporting





- At the end of <u>each project period:</u>
  - All beneficiaries will receive a notification to complete
    - Financial Statement for the concerned period (and adjustment(s) to previous period(s), if necessary).

#### • In final period:

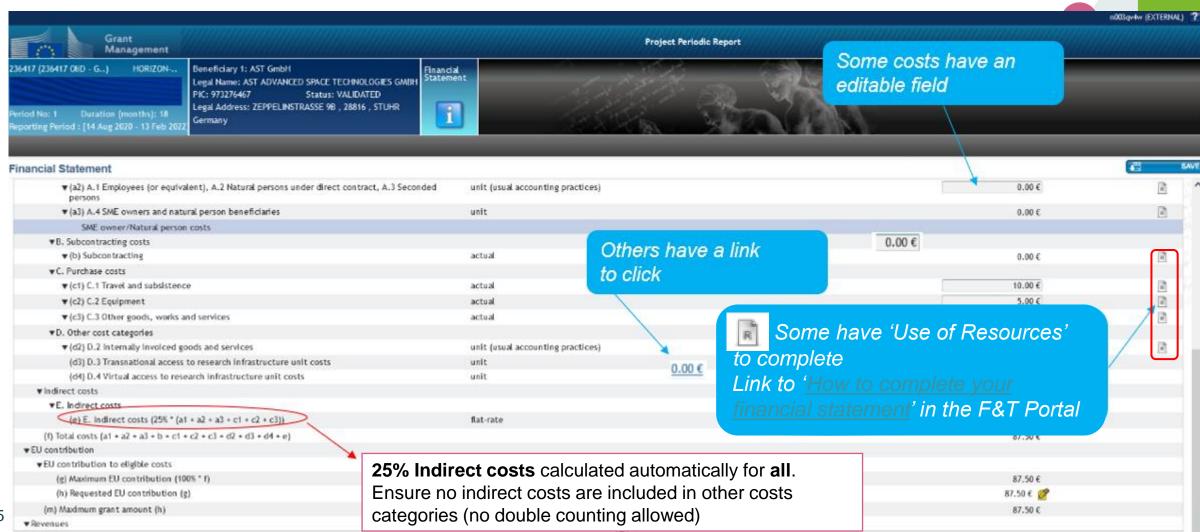
- Beneficiaries must <u>also</u> upload a Certificate provided by a qualified external auditor, if applicable.
  - **CFS** Certificate on the financial statements (if requested EU contribution ≥ 430k) (for hybrid participants)
  - **CCS** Certificate on the statements of contributions (if requested EU contribution = 0 and (IKOP + FC paid) ≥ 430k)



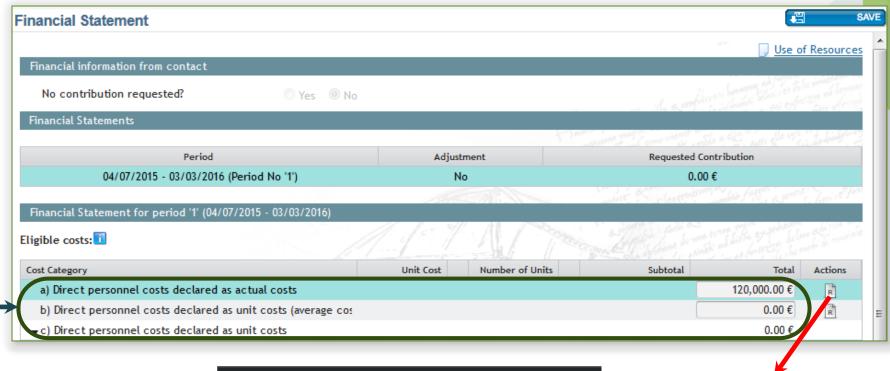
#### **Financial statements**

- Same model of financial statement for all beneficiaries and affiliated entities, also for private members and contributing partners (Annex 4 of MGA)
- All eligible costs incurred during the period should be declared
- Also to specify the requested EU contribution, if any
  - (> 0 for hybrid participants; = 0 for the others)





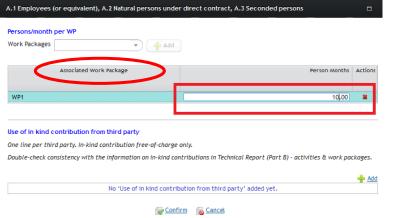
#### **Direct Personnel costs**



Declared as actual cost or as unit costs

Number of Person Months (PM) broken down per Work Packages (WP)

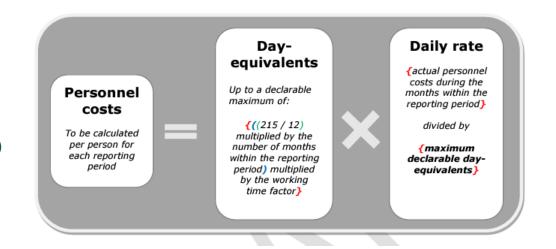
Use of in kind contribution from third party (e.g. seconded personnel)





#### **Direct Personnel costs**

- Option 1: declare actual costs
  - Must use Horizon Europe formula:
  - Practical examples in the <u>AMGA</u>
     (if full time, part time, parental leave, etc)



- Option 2: declare unit costs
  - Only if average personnel costs are in line with the entity's usual cost accounting practices
  - FTE rate should exclude any indirect costs (no double counting allowed).

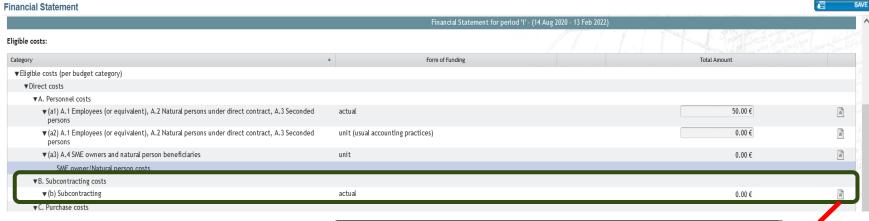
E.g.: if entity usually calculates fully loaded FTE rated (i.e., including indirect costs), the rate should be recalculated to exclude indirect costs



Time worked on the project **must** be documented Either sign a monthly declaration (<u>template</u>) or use another reliable time recording system (paper or computer-based)

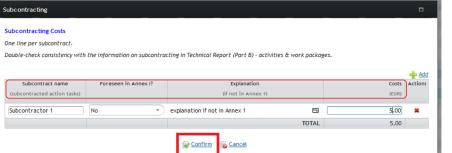


#### **Subcontracting costs**



- Actual cost paid to subcontractor
- Provide short description
- Foreseen in Annex 1 of GA?

If not foreseen, provide explanation (+ in PR part B 'unforeseen subcontracting', see slide 33)





#### **Purchase costs**

#### Reminder:

Costs charged to the project/IKOP must always be eligible costs actually incurred.

**No Commercial price** of self-produced consumables allowed as <u>not a cost</u>.

- Explanation needed **only** for the amount > 15% of personnel costs.
- calculated by the tool.

#### Example:

- Personnel costs: 120k
- Purchase costs: 25k
- 15% of Personnel costs = 18k
- Costs to be explained = 25k 18k
   = 7k



#### Purchase Costs

Purchase amounts to be explained: € 7000

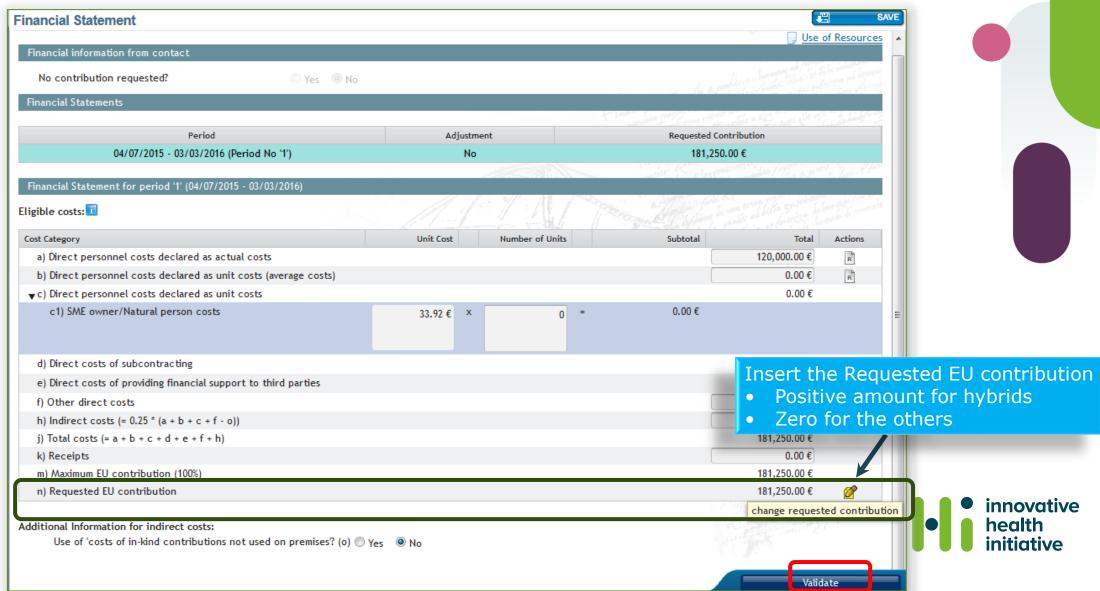
Details for major cost items (needed if costs declared under purchase costs are higher than 15% of the claimed personnel costs).

Start with the most expensive cost items, down to the 15% threshold.

					Add	
Cost item name	Work Packages	Foreseen in Annex I?	Explanation	Costs	Actions	
			(if not in Annex 1)	(EUR)		
	5	-	8	0.00	×	
			TOTAL	0.00		

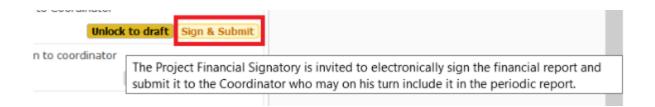
Specify cost, item name, WP, if foreseen in Annex 1 of GA, provide explanation if not.

#### Requested EU contribution



#### **Electronic signature**

 The Beneficiary electronically signs the Financial Part & submit it to the Coordinator to include it in the Periodic Report



- By signing the financial part (directly in the Portal), the beneficiaries confirm that:
  - the information provided is complete, reliable and true
  - the costs declared are eligible (see <u>Article 6</u>)
  - the costs and contributions can be substantiated by adequate records and supporting documents (<u>Article 20</u>)

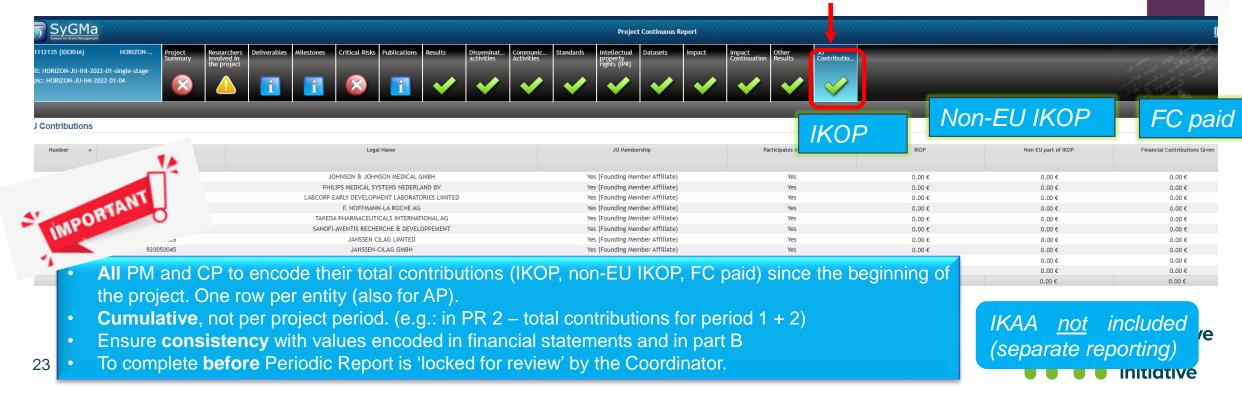
#### Cases of affiliated entities (AE) and associated partners (AP case b)

- Affiliated entity
  - No access to the reporting modules.
  - Prepares its own financial statement (<u>Annex 4</u> of GA), blue ink signs on paper, and supplies it to the main Beneficiary
  - The main Beneficiary fills in the financial statement of the AE in the system, electronically signs it and submits it to the Coordinator.
- Associated Partner case b
  - No access to the reporting modules.
  - Costs included in the financial statement of the designated beneficiary
  - No individual financial statement in the system
  - For audit purposes, designated beneficiary to be able to demonstrate the split of reported costs per entity per period



#### **Financial statements**

- No specific field in Financial statements to specify IKOP, non-EU IKOP and FC paid
  - Must be specified in the Continuous reporting ('JU contribution' tab) (see slide 44)



## Financial Report

#### Certification (in final period only, if threshold reached)

		Requested Union funding						
		0 funding	> 0 and < EUR 430,000	≥ EUR 430,000				
Financial and In Kind	< EUR 430,000	N/A	Not in HE MGA	CFS				
contributions (IKOP+FC paid)	≥ EUR 430,000	ccs	(under discussion)	(No CCS)				

- Threshold calculated individually for each entity and per project.
- If threshold reached, one single Certification to cover all costs and contributions.
- Templates: CFS and CCS (not yet available)





## Most common errors detected in audits

#### Based on experience in IMI2 projects

- X Error: Cost incurred by another entity (affiliate) not identified in the Grant.
- Correct: All involved entities must be **identified** in the Grant (beneficiaries, affiliates, third parties).
- X Error: Costs are not recorded in the accounts of the Beneficiary.
- Correct: The costs must be recorded in the accounting system of the beneficiary.

#### **Personnel costs**

- Error: incorrect calculation of days worked on the action, estimated costs instead of actual costs, invalid or missing timesheets/supporting doc, inconsistency with HR records
- Correct: Review rules in MGA for calculation of personnel costs and for records keeping. The Beneficiary should keep time records for the number of days declared.





## Most common errors detected in audits

#### **Subcontracting costs**

- Error: no valid supporting documents, no proof of best value for money/lowest price (if appropriate)
- Correct: national rules for procurement are respected (if applicable for the relevant entity), selection of subcontractor is in line with the rules (transparent process, no conflict of interest, best value for money...) and documented.

#### **X** Equipment

Error: full price charged instead of depreciation, wrong depreciation calculation.
<u>Correct</u>: only depreciation according to your usual accounting practice and pro rata per the use for the project.

#### × Travel

Error: no valid supporting documents, costs not related to the action. Correct: supporting documents are available (agenda, role of the participant in the meeting...), participation foreseen and justified (link to the action).





## Periodic Reporting Technical Report (Part B)

- Periodic Reporting
  - **Technical** Part
    - Part A (automatically generated)
    - Part B (narrative)
  - Financial Part
- Continuous Reporting



- Part B is a narrative description of the work carried out during the reporting period.
- All project beneficiaries should contribute to Part B in the periodic reporting module.
- The project **Coordinator** should upload Part B as a PDF document, coordinate the input, review its content and submit it to IHI within the set deadline (60 days after the end of each project period).
- Template for Part B available <u>here</u> (tailored to IHI needs)



- Includes several elements
  - Explanation on the work carried out and progress per work package (WP)
  - Financial contribution (FC)
  - Non-EU IKOP
  - Explanations on deviations for the current period (compared to planned effort and budget)
  - Adjustment to previous financial statements, if applicable
  - Unforeseen subcontracting/use of in kind contribution (Art 9.2), if applicable
  - ...
  - > Ensure **consistency** between financial part and technical part



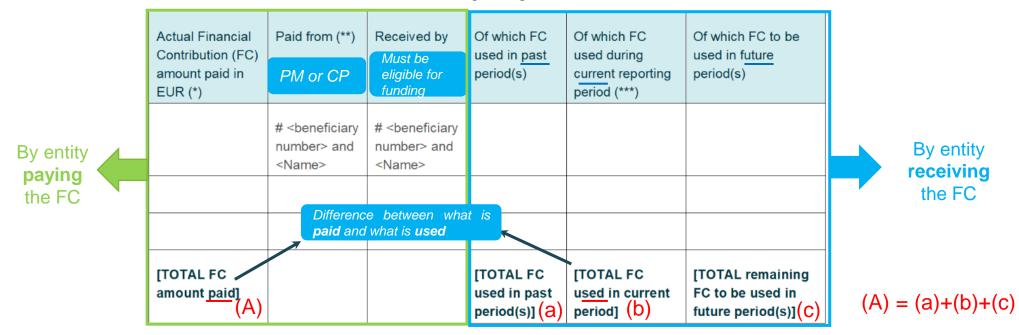
## Explanation on the work carried out and progress per work package (WP)

- Briefly explain the main work focusing on key activities and results.
- Refer to relevant milestones, deliverables & publications.
- Highlight any deviations in WP tasks/objectives
- Briefly describe the activities by each participant

Work done by each participant in the WP								
Participant	Description of main activities							
   	Briefly describe the main activities carried out by each participant involved in the WP (including affiliated entities/private members/contributing partners/associated partners)							



#### Financial contributions (FC)



- Must be consistency with FC paid entered in the 'JU contribution' tab (continuous reporting)
- Also specify FC paid by affiliated entities and associated partners
- FC not foreseen?



• If to cover costs of activities already **foreseen** in the DoA, can be reported and provide justification in deviation part (slide 32).

innovative health

initiative

#### Non-EU IKOP

Participant	Non-EU IKOP in EUR
# <beneficiary number=""> and <name></name></beneficiary>	
	[TOTAL Non-EU IKOP reported in the current period]

Non-EU IKOP = eligible costs incurred by private members and contributing partners for activities carried-out **outside** the EU and HE <u>associated countries</u>

- Insert the Non-EU IKOP for the current period and ensure consistency with 'JU contribution' tab
- Non-EU IKOP not foreseen?
  - If activities not already planned in the DoA, it requires an Amendment and should not be reported.
  - If activities already foreseen in the DoA (but expected to be 'EU' IKOP instead of 'Non-EU IKOP'), can be reported and provide justification in deviation part (next slide).



#### **Explanations on deviations in UoR**

• Explain deviations (if any) **per Beneficiary** for the current period compared to the planned effort (in Annex 1) and the planned budget (in Annex 2)

#### **Budget** deviation:

- > Explain significant deviations (IHI funding/IKOP/Non-EU/FC) for the period.
- Explain the impact on the project and proposed corrective actions, if any.

#### **Effort** deviation:

- Explain significant deviations of effort (person months) for the period per work package.
- > Explain the impact on the project and the proposed corrective actions, if any.



#### Unforeseen subcontracting

- If the Beneficiary reports subcontracting costs not foreseen in the Grant Agreement (GA).
  - Exceptionally, the IHI JU may approve costs if the circumstances are explained and justified.
  - The approval is at the discretion of the IHI JU, not automatic.
- To be specified in this section:
  - > the work (the tasks) performed by the subcontractor;
  - explanation of the circumstances which caused the need for a subcontract;
  - ➤ the confirmation that the subcontractor has been selected ensuring the best value for money or, if appropriate, the lowest price and avoiding any conflict of interests;
  - include subcontractor name and amount



## Continuous Reporting & Technical Report (Part A)

- Periodic Reporting
  - **Technical** Part
    - Part A (automatically generated)
    - Part B (narrative)
  - Financial Part

Feeds Part A

Continuous Reporting





Continuous Reporting
761992 - IoRL

Continuous reporting data

- It opens at project start date
- To be updated by the consortium before each Periodic report is 'locked for review' by the Coordinator
- At PR submission, the tool freezes the data and automatically feeds Part A of the Periodic Report
- Includes information such as:
  - Project Summary;
  - Deliverables, Milestones;
  - Critical Risks;
  - Publications;
  - Results;
  - Dissemination and Communication activities;
  - Impact;
  - JU Contributions

	Project Summary	involved in	Deliverables	Milestones	Critical Risks	Publications	Results	Disseminat activities	Communic Activities	Standards	Intellectual property rights (IPR)	Datasets	Impact	Impact Continuation	Other Results	JU Contributio	
		the project									rights (IPK)						<i>r</i> ative
37																healt	



# Project summary



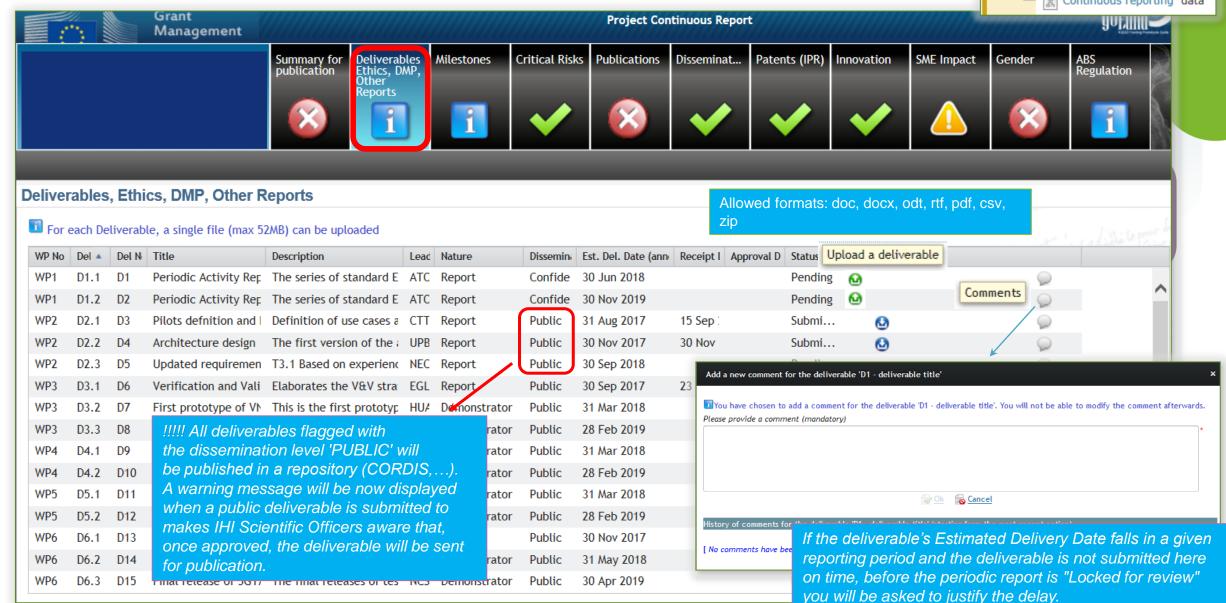


- Will be published on CORDIS & used in IHI presentations & reports
- Must be suitable for direct publication, targeting a lay audience
- Emphasize results, with a title and brief description
- Include hyperlinks where relevant
- Updated every period



### Deliverables





### Milestones



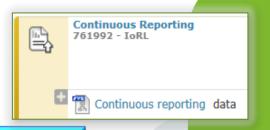
The Milestones entered during the Grant Preparation are displayed here. It has to be indicated whether the Milestone has been achieved (or not) and select the Delivery Date.



#### Milestones

Milestone N 🔺	Milestone Name	Work Package No	Lead Beneficiary	Means of Verification	Delivery Date	Delivery Date (actual)	Achieved	Comments
1	Fully functional digita	WP1	GV	D1.3 submitted	31 Dec 2025			/
2	Public rollout and lau	WP1	GV	D1.5 submitted	30 Jun 2027			
3	Completion of core p	WP3	ULUND	D2.2 submitted	30 Jun 2025			
4	Identification of 1-3 c	WP3	ULUND	D2.5 submitted	31 Dec 2028			
5	Completion of core p	WP3	ULUND	D3.1 submitted	31 Dec 2024	A justii	fication should be i	included in
6	Identification of 1-3 E	WP3	ULUND	D3.3 submitted	31 Dec 2027	case o	of delayed milestor	nes
7	Specification of impro	WP3	ULUND	D3.4 submitted	31 Dec 2028			
8	Identification of 1-3 E	WP3	ULUND	D3.5 submitted	31 Dec 2028			
9	Identification of 1-3 p	WP4	UEF	D4.3 submitted	31 Dec 2027			
10	Identification of 1-3 r		HFF	DA 2 submitted	20 Jun 2028			

### Critical Risks



Foreseen risks that are already indicated in the DoA are automatically displayed.
Unforeseen risks and proposed mitigation actions concerning them can be added.
At the end of each period beneficiaries should give the state of play of every risk identified in the DoA and if necessary provide new mitigation measures



#### **Critical Implementation Risks and Mitigation Actions**

SAVE

At the end of each period beneficiaries should give the state of play of every risk identified in Annex 1 and if necessary give new mitigation measures.

#### Foreseen Risks

Unforeseen Risks

The following table lists the risks identified in Annex 1. The risk information is read-only and it is provided as a reference for the state of play information.

Risk No 🔺	Description	Work Package No(s)	Risk Mitigation Measures	State of the Play	Period	State of the Play Did you apply risk mitigation measures?	State of the Play Did your risk materialise?	State of the Play Comments	Actions
				Risk State of Play				×	
1	Critical risk description	1	Measures description						
				Reference Reporting Period		_		State	of Play
				Did you apply the risk-mitigation meas	sures?	○ Yes ○ No			e/of
				Did the risk materialize?		○ Yes ○ No			100
				Please add here your comments. If the risk-mitigation measures couldn't be a please explain why.					. d
									(d)
						<b></b> Add			
								6 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	1 100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

There are no unforeseen critical risks.



### **Publications**

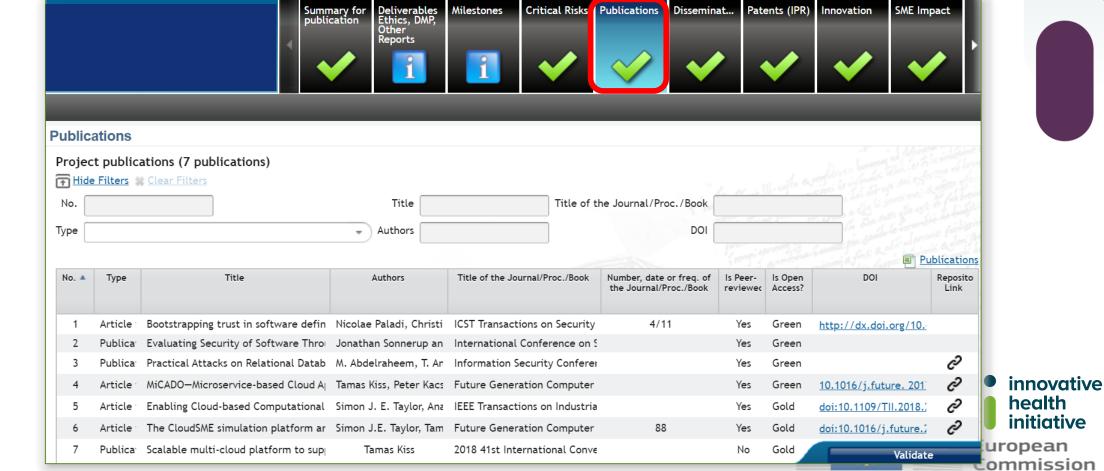
#### Funding & tender opportunities

Single Electronic Data Interchange Area (SEDIA)



#### Peer reviewed project publications:

- · must be in an open access repository & repository link provided
- must appropriately acknowledge IHI funding
- must include a disclaimer



### Results





#### Results

☐ There is no result for this project yet

Please provide details about project results. Please focus on the content of the results, for example discoveries and theories, products, services, methods etc. Publications, intellectual property rights, datasets, software, algorithms, protocols etc. will be linked to these results later in dedicated sections. It will also be possible to add these to the project as a whole.

- Example: The project developed a new medical device, which is described in two publications and later patented. Instructions: List the medical device here (as 'PROD: Product') and link publications to this product in dedicated sections. When you have information about the patent application, link it in a dedicated section.
- Example: The project developed a new scientific theory which is described in several publications. Instructions: List the name and potential of the theory here (as 'SCI: Scientific discovery, model, theory') and link publications to this model later in dedicated sections.
- Example: The project develops a high potential industrial process and is currently at the stage of prototyping. Instructions: List the industrial process here (as 'PROC: Industrial process') and indicate the prototype in a dedicated section.
- Example: The project mainly focused on activities such as conferences, staff exchanges, or on investments in infrastructures. Instructions: List these as results and their potential here.

#### Results

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Name	Result type	Key results (KER) (does result have a high potential?)	Description of high potential	Audience or target group	Steps undertaken towards exploitation	Market maturity (state of the market targeted by this re	Actions esult)
a	LEARN: Learning and training (learning n	High scientific potential	sssssss	Researchers	Prototyping in laboratory environment	Not yet existing and not clear if m	arket 🔻 🗶
test2	SERV: Service (new or improved)	High societal potential (other than clima High policy or regulatory potential	insert description	Citizens	Feasibility study Business plan	Emerging: growing demand, scarce	e suppl 🗶

### **Additional Tabs**







The Final Report must contain: At least one dissemination and communication activity with the status 'Delivered';





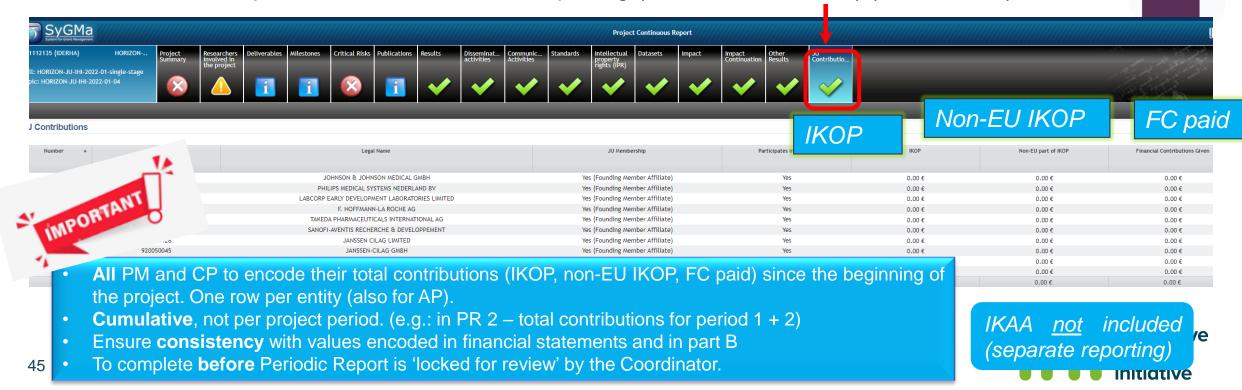


### JU Contribution

# Continuous Reporting 761992 - IoRL Continuous reporting data

#### Only for private members (PM) and contributing partners (CP)

- No specific field in Financial statements to specify IKOP, non-EU IKOP and FC paid
  - Must be specified in the Continuous reporting ('JU contribution' tab) (see slide 22)



# Periodic Reporting - Steps

#### To summarize

- Notification: all Beneficiaries receive a notification on due time.
- 2. All Beneficiaries (withing 60 days after each project period):
  - contribute to the Technical Part of the Periodic Report
  - ensure the Continuous reporting is up-to-date
  - complete their own Financial Statement
  - e-sign and submit (PFSIGN) their Financial part to the Coordinator.
- The Coordinator approves & submits the elements of the Periodic Report (Technical part and Financial part).
- 4. IHI reviews the submitted Periodic Report and accepts or rejects it.
- 5. IHI initiates the Payment to the Coordinator for the period.



# Concrete examples



# PM/CP contributing IKOP and FC

Period 1: 200k IKOP and 50k FC paid

Example for beneficiaries, affiliated entities

- Financial statement:
  - Declare all eligible costs: 200k
  - Request EU funding = 0
- Continuous reporting in 'JU contribution' tab: insert 200k IKOP and 50k FC paid
- Technical report (part B): complete table on FC



# Hybrid participant

Period 1: 200k eligible costs and 50k requested EU contribution (IKOP= 150k)

Example for beneficiaries, affiliated entities

- Financial statement:
  - Declare all eligible costs: 200k
  - Request EU funding = 50k
- Continuous reporting in 'JU contribution' tab: insert 150k IKOP



# Associated partner 'case b' (AP)

#### Period 1: 200k IKOP and 50k FC paid

The AP has no access to the reporting module and no financial statement in the system Designated Beneficiary in charge of the reporting for the AP

- Financial statement of the designated Beneficiary:
  - Declares all eligible costs: 200k
  - Request EU funding = 0
- Technical report (part B): the designated Beneficiary completes the table on FC for the AP (specifies the name of the AP in the FC table)
- Continuous reporting in 'JU contribution' tab: the designated Beneficiary inserts 200k IKOP and 50k FC paid for the AP (one specific row for the AP)



# IKAA reporting



#### IKAA - In Kind contribution to Additional activities

- Not included in the Periodic Report
- Separate IKAA reporting tool, also via the Funding and Tenders Portal
- Other reporting deadline: by 31 May each year
- Reported directly to IHI (not via the project Coordinator)
- No minimum threshold for the <u>IKAA certification</u>
- ➤ How the IKAA reporting tool works : <u>IT how to</u>
- IKAA guidelines available on IHI website (revised version available in March)



## IKAA vs IKOP Reporting

#### **Comparison table**

	IKOP reporting	IKAA reporting		
When	hen 60 days after each project period			
Who	Private members and Contributing partners	Only Private members		
IT tool	Periodic and continuous reporting modules in the F&T Portal	IKAA reporting module in the F&T Portal		
How	Via the coordinator	Each company individually directly to IHI		
Certification	At project end if threshold reached	Annually. No minimum threshold		



### Useful links

- Horizon Europe Model Grant agreement
- HE Annotated Model Grant agreement
- Technical report <u>part B template (tailored to IHI)</u>
- General HE Periodic Report template
- CFS template
- Annex 4 of Grant Agreement financial statement template
- Steps to complete the <u>Periodic</u> reporting and the <u>Continuous</u> reporting.
- Steps to complete a <u>financial statement</u>







Thank you for your attention











